

THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

And Victoria Chronicle.

VOL. 25.

VICTORIA V. I. BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING JUNE 8, 1870.

NO. 146.

THE BRITISH COLONIST
PUBLISHED DAILY BY
DAVID W. HIGGINS

TERMS:

One Year, (in advance)	\$1.00
Six Months, do60
Three Months, do30
One Week, do25

WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST
PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY MORNING.

TERMS:

One Year	\$1.00
Six Months60
Three Months30
One Week25

PAYABLE INvariably IN ADVANCE.
OFFICE—Colonist Building, Government and Langley
streets, adjoining Bank of British Columbia.

AGENTS:

S. D. Lovell,	Nanaimo, V. I.
Clute & Clarkson,	New Westminster
Barnard's Express,	Victoria, Langley
do	Victoria, Victoria
Crosby & Lowe,	Olympia, W. T.
Mr. Perkins,	Seattle, W. T.
David Sires,	Port Townsend
Hudson & Michel,	Tacoma, Washington
F. Aigler,	30 Cornhill, London
G. Street,	San Francisco

Shipping

FOR THE EAST COAST AND BURRARD
INLET.

THE STEAMER EMMA, CAPT. ETTERSHANK,
will leave for Nanaimo and Way Points, and Burrard
Inlet, on TUESDAY Morning of each Week, at 7 o'clock.

Returning on Saturday.

Steam for Australia and New Zealand.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANS-

PORTATION COMPANY'S STEAMER

"AJAX"

Will leave San Francisco for Honolulu on the 10th June
next, to connect with the Australian steamer for Auck-
land, Sydney and Melbourne.

R. BRODRICK, Agent,

Victoria, B.C., May 16, 1870.

For Peace River Gold Mines

NOTICE.

ON THE OPENING OF NA-
vigation on the Fraser river, the steam-

VICTORIA and ENTERPRISE

Will commence their trips in connection with

Barnard's Express and Mail Line

of Stages.

THE STEAMER VICTORIA

Will run from Soda Creek to the Canon at Cottonwood
connecting with the

ENTERPRISE.

Which will be placed on the route from the Canon to

Fort George.

Victoria, B.C., Feb 16 1870.

fees 3m w

Steamer ONWARD,

CAPT. WM IRVING,

WILL LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER

FOR YALE

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

Commencing on

SATURDAY, 2D APRIL, 1870.

The Steamer will not be responsible for leakage of

liquor shipped in tin or glass

Victoria, March 23d, 1870.

mrs 23

FOR SALE

AT THE

CLINTON MILLS,

200 Tons Extra Flour.

—ALSO—

40 PACK MULES

WITH APARAS.

Minton B.C., Jan 25th, 1870.

JEROME HARPER

ap 2nd &

• F. DALLY

Desires to inform the inhabitants of Victoria and its

vicinity, that he has returned from the Upper

Country with a choice collection of

New Photographic Views

OF

Mountain Scenery and other highly in-

teresting Subjects.

CARTES DE VISITE.

GROUPS,

And Viewstak with the greatest care and in the best

style of Photographic Art, and warranted to give full

action.

The Gallery is situated on Fort street,

Victoria, B.C.

july 18 1870

FOR SALE.

That old established, commodious and

popular

Saloon and Billiard-room

AT YALE,

Opposite the Steamboat Landing and

next door to Barnard's Express

Office,

—ALSO—

A LOT and FURNISHED HOUSE, with

Garden and good water.

JAMES E. BARRY.

FORT YALE, B.C.

my 15

H. F. Heisterman,

LAND AGENT,

2 LANGLEY STREET.

VICTORIA, B.C., June 1870.

NOTICE

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE

I will not accept COIN for RENTS as Well as other

payments to be made to me.

L.D. LOWENBERG

my 16

Medical.

DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, FEVER, AGUE, COUGHS,
COLDS, &c.

D. R. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
(Ex Army Med. Stn.)
CHLORODYNE.

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

CAUTION—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Wood stated that Dr. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of CHLORODYNE; that the story of the defendant, Freeman, being the inventor was deliberately untrue, which he regretted had been sworn to. Expert Doctors in England and America have attested that Dr. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne, that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's—See TIMES, July 14, 1864.

The Public therefore are cautioned against using any other than Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.

REMEDIAL USES AND ACTION.

This INVALUABLE REMEDY produces quiet, refresh-
ing sleep, relieves pain, calms the nervous system, re-
stores the deranged functions and stimulates the
action of the heart, without creating any
of the usual side effects attending the use of opium.
It is a powerful and safe remedy.

The Right Hon. Mr. Balfour communicated to the Col-
lege of Physicians and Dr. D. Collis Browne that he had recov-
ered from a severe attack of cholera.

Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a powerful and
safe remedy.

Extract from MEDICAL TIMES, Jan. 10, 1869—Chlorodyne
is produced by various orthodox medical practitioners,
but it is not thus singularly popular did it not supply
a want and fill a place.

Extract from the General Board of Health, London, a
few days ago—So strongly are we convinced of the
immense value of this remedy that we cannot too
fervently urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases.

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few days ago—So strongly are we convinced of

Wednesday Morning, June 8, 1870.
Too Strong a Government may Work its Own Distruction.

A few days ago, in alluding to the Land Registration Ordinance 1870, we stated that a most objectionable Ordinance had received the Governor's assent. His Excellency affects surprise that a country so now and small should desire Responsible Government. But can he imagine that a people accustomed to free institutions, habituated to think and act like freemen will be content to live under a one-man system of Government,—a system under which laws of the nature of this Ordinance are made in opposition to, in utter and wanton defiance of, their views as expressed by the Representative Members within, and those chiefly interested without the House? The Bill passed through its second reading without much question, simply in consequence of representations then made by the late Attorney-General; but when it was considered in Committee and it had become known that although possibly based (as related by the Attorney-General) on the recommendation in a Report of an Imperial Commission, it was in accordance with the policy of the Imperial Statue passed three or four years later, and that it was strongly objected to not only by the Banks and landed proprietors but by all the members of the legal profession who had given it their attention, with the exception of the two officials whose creature it was, clause after clause was opposed, and amendments were offered by the Representative members, and in almost every instance voted down by the official element in the House. After the Bill had passed through all its stages the Managers of the Banks and the real estate holders in the city addressed His Excellency the Governor upon the subject, directing attention to the numerous objections to the measure. We had hoped that His Excellency would at least have so far yielded to public opinion as to have withheld his assent to the Bill until Her Majesty's pleasure thereon had been ascertained. But no! His Excellency has unlimited power; and, we regret to say that, in this instance, he has not hesitated to exercise it, although in doing so he has deliberately trampled under foot the clearly and repeatedly expressed wishes of the people. Who demanded the measure? Not the country. Was instant legislation on the subject so imperatively demanded? Not at all. In truth, the presumed imminence of important political changes, and amongst them a change in His Excellency's legal adviser, would naturally suggest to ordinary minds the wisdom of delay. To other minds they appear to have suggested the reverse. What interests would have sufficed by permitting the subject of Registration to remain undisturbed for another year? Not the public interests, we venture to think. The matter was permitted to slip during three sessions after Union. What need for such determined haste and unseemly pertinacity during the fourth? There was no complaint from the people. They were content to allow the two systems to remain for a while longer, awaiting the greater changes, when all such subjects could be approached under very much more advantageous circumstances. A wrong has been committed; and that wrong is not contingent upon the good or ill-working of the measure. Public opinion has been most wantonly and flagitiously condemned; and no power under high Heaven has a right to do that. No power can do it with impunity! True it is that the Governor of British Columbia can at present set public opinion at defiance; but the time is not far distant when the people will have an opportunity of making their voice heard and their wishes respected and regarded. For the speedy advent of such a dispensation let all good subjects labour and pray.

A ROTHSCHILD MASQUERADE AS A BEGGAR.—A curious story is all about Baron James de Rothschild having sat for his picture some years ago, to Ayr Sheffler, in the character of a beggar. It is added to complete the romance that a chance visitor seeing the baron in the artist's studio made up for a sitting, and believing him to be what he appeared slipped a lous into his hand. The pretended model took the coin, kept it and invested for ten years, and then sent back to the donor ten thousand francs as the accrued profit, with a note to the effect that a good action always brings good fortune. A distinct corroboration from the giver of the lous, published in a Paris journal, alone prevents this tale from being incredible. Perhaps no more practical encouragement to charity has ever been recorded, even in connection with the family whose benevolence has passed into proverbi.

A clerk in the employ of the East India Company recently penned the following lines to his official superior: "Honoured sir, I humbly beg you will excuse my non-attendance office this date, cause I got a boil as per margin." In the margin of the letter, and the writer went on to say, "The breadth of the paper being short, I have planned the boil small, but it is double the size."

Dominion Mail Summary.

Gross Outrage With Oil of Vitriol.

Our Canadian exchanges are to the 17th ult. The Premier was still in a very low condition, and it was felt that he could not survive a relapse. At the prorogation of Parliament, on the 12th the usual firing of guns was omitted on his account. The following is the bulletpoint of the 17th concerning him: "Although still very weak and requiring the utmost quietude and care, we are happy to learn that Sir John A. Macdonald continues to improve and is doing as well as his medical attendants anticipated. The very severe and dangerous attack under which the honorable gentleman has been suffering renders recovery of necessity a slow matter, but with time, quiet, and the devoted attention which he receives from the few who have been permitted access to his chamber, his convalescence may be looked forward to with confidence." In his prorogation speech the Governor General alludes to the Red River expedition in these words: "Her Majesty's troops go forth on an errand of peace, and will serve as an assurance to the inhabitants of the Red River Settlement, and the numerous Indian tribes that occupy the North West, that they have a place in the regard and the Councils of England, and may rely upon the impartial protection of the British Sceptre." He alluded to the threatened French invasion, and to "the laudable promptitude with which the Active Militia responded to the call to arms," as having "filled the hopes of the invaders, and averted the menaced outrage." Regarding the Fisheries he said that "every care will be taken to combine the maintenance of the undisputed rights of our fishermen with the regard due to the just claims of foreigners," and he expressed his conviction that the Canadian people would "acknowledge with gratitude the countenance and support which Her Majesty's Government has accorded the intention of abrogating." The Hon. A. G. Archibald, as has already been intimated, has received and accepted the appointment of Lieutenant-Governor of the new Province of Manitoba. The Hon. Mr. Kenny has gone to New Brunswick to assume the duties of Administrator of the Government of that Province, in the absence of Sir Hastings Doyle, who was about to return to England on a four months' leave of absence. The Hon. Mr. Holbrook read a paper on British Columbia before a large party of Senators and members of the House of Commons at Ottawa, on the 9th May. At the close a vote of thanks was moved by Mr. A. MacKenzie, leader of the Opposition, and seconded by the Hon. Malcolm Cameron. Mr. Cameron, in seconding the motion, said he had met Mr. Holbrook on the banks of the Fraser, and knew him to be a real pioneer. He bore testimony to the faithfulness of Mr. Holbrook's description of the country, and said British Columbia must have a railway. The paper read by Mr. Holbrook receives favorable notice in the Press. A full report of it appears in the *Leader*, having been telegraphed to Toronto! Cock and dog fighting are now prohibited in Canada, under penalty of \$40. A seizure by the Custom authorities at Montreal of some jewelry, brought to light the fact that the smuggling of jewelry into the United States through the medium of the mail has been carried on to a considerable extent. It is stated that whereas the Customs charge on a hundred dollar watch would amount to \$16, the postage thereon would amount to less than \$1. According to intelligence from Fort William of May 8, the force of workmen employed during the winter under Mr. Dawson, had built three bridges, and there was no doubt of passing the troops safely to Red River. The weather in that region was bright and splendid, the snow fast disappearing and the ice in Thunder Bay becoming very thin. The *Globe*'s special correspondent, en route to Red River via St. Paul and Pembina, gives a thrilling and by no means uninteresting account of an encounter with some recalcitrant Indians a few miles below Georgetown, from whom he narrowly escaped with his life. The letters of this correspondent are generally well written and instructive. The *Globe* has a second special correspondent accompanying the military expedition to Red River. The enterprise displayed by our contemporary is deserving of praise.

Chinese Punishments.

A correspondent of the London *Times*, writing from Shanghai, gives the following interesting account of the mode of punishing criminals in that city:

In walking through the city I came in different parts upon the police stations where criminals of different grades were undergoing different degrees of punishment. Some were simply confined in large cages, the sport of the passers by. Others wore immense collars, made of two wide boards brought together at their edges, with hole large enough for the neck. The collar is so wide that the prisoner cannot reach his head with his hands and is dependent upon his friends or upon charity not only for his food but for getting it to his mouth. Others had their heads jutting out of the tops of cages, which were so high that they could not sit down and so low that they could not stand up, and they were condemned to pass days and nights in this uncomfortable and even torturing position.

Nothing before I reached Shanghai some criminals who had been found guilty of a capital offence, were condemned to death and placed in these cages, where they died from starvation before the eyes of the people, no one being allowed to furnish them with food. Torture, as I subsequently learned further by witnessing it, entered largely into the ideal of punishment among the Chinese, and is freely resorted to for the purpose of extorting confessions from the accused. Outside of the walls of Shanghai I noticed enclosure of two or three acres each, surrounded with close walls of brick and stone twelve to fifteen feet high, and learned that they were called "Magways," and were receptacles for the dead or otherwise.

The Chinese are a残酷 people. They have numerous secret societies, comprising the mass of the population, and those living from the same city stand by each other in all circumstances. When they go abroad they keep up the same spirit of attachment, and if one dies away from home his remains are deposited in the Magway named from his native town, to be removed at the proper time.

The Chinese all expect to go home at some time, and to be taken home after death if they do not go before. The freight of the dead Chinese from California to their native province is quite an item in the carrying trade between the two shores. Every steamer has more or less of them on board, although it is not generally known to the passengers. On our voyage out we had four hundred and fifty Chinese in the steerage, among whom there were several deaths, but the bodies were all embalmed and taken with the ship.

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An event occurred yesterday morning which will cause a sensation in the city as the facts become known, and as it is an affair of love and indulgence of evil passions, will afford plentiful food for scandal. It appears that between 10 and 11 o'clock yesterday morning a cab containing two ladies drove up to store on Yonge street; the cabman entered the establishment and said that one of the ladies wished to see a young clerk named George Berry. The latter at once proceeded to the carriage, and on getting close to it, the lady nearest him threw something out of a tumbler into his face, and giving the order to the cabman, drove off rapidly.

Upon receiving the contents of the tumbler in his face, Berry ran into the store, suffering intense pain, and called upon his employer to send a policeman to arrest the woman. The employer advised Berry to let the matter pass unnoticed. It was now apparent that the tumbler had contained vitriol—and a chemist was sent for, and proper remedies to neutralize the effect of the acid applied. Berry was then taken to the Hospital and received the necessary treatment. His right eye and the right side of his face have been very badly burned, and it is doubtful if he will retain the sight of the injured eye.

Some time after the occurrence, the store was visited by Mr. Samuel Lovells, lumber merchant, who gave a full explanation of the affair. He said that his adopted daughter, a young woman of about twenty years of age, had been seduced by Berry, who, not content with accomplishing her ruin, had got her out of sight—the father believed had placed her in a house of ill-fame—and refused to give any information respecting her, ascertaining that he was ignorant of her whereabouts. The woman who had driven up in the cab pursued Berry so severely was Mrs. Samuel Lovells.

It may be added that a few days ago Mr. Lovells appeared at the Police Court to answer a charge of threatening preferred by Berry, which had arisen out of the seduction, but the complaint failed to appear and the case was dismissed.

"Is my face dirty?" asked a young lady from the backwoods while seated with her aunt at the dinner-table on a steamboat running from Cario to New Orleans. "Dirty? No. Why do you ask?" Because that insulting wench insists upon putting a towel beside my plate. I've thrown three under the table, and yet every time he comes around he puts another one before me."

A Detroit prisoner on his way to the penitentiary for larceny, was asked what he thought of his trial. He said: When dat lawyer dat fended me made his speech, I thought shuah I was gwine to take my old hat and walk right out of dat coot room; but when de oder lawyer got up and commenced talking, I knew I was de biggest rascal on de top of de earf."

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A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS IN CLOTHING.—A Gilmore, Yates street, near Government has commenced to sell off his entire stock of ready-made clothing AT COST, to close out that branch of his business, as he intends to confine his attention to MERCHANT TAILORING. Garments of every description—In the most fashionable styles at greatly reduced prices.

New Advertisements.

CAFE-AU-LAIT.

THIS CELEBRATED RACING HORSE will be Ridden on Saturday evening the 1st Inst., at 8 o'clock, in the Union Hotel 1 Esquinton. A few tickets remain undisposed of.

J. HOWARD.

VALUABLE FARMING AND PASTURE LAND.

CADBORO BAY ESTATE.

FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASER, upwards of

One Thousand Acres of Land,

AT CADBRO BAY.

Plant may be seen and particulars obtained at the office of

ROBERT BURNABY,

Government Street, Victoria.

Queen Charlotte Coal Mining Co., Limited.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held in the Central Chambers, corner of Broad Street and Truro Alley, on Wednesday, the 15th Inst., at 1 o'clock, p.m., to confirm the special resolution passed at the meeting held on the 22nd ultimo, and for other purposes.

H. GASTON, Secretary.

Victoria, June 7, 1870.

J. H.

NEWSPAPERS.

ST ANDREW'S

—AND—

Caledonian Society.

THE CALEDONIANS WILL HOLD

their annual Gathering and National Games on the 4th of July.

The Specious Platform will be erected for Dancing and the like in the main hall will be in attendance.

The grand ball will be open at 10 o'clock, a.m., Speeches at 12 o'clock, m., dancing to commence at 1 p.m., and

will continue till 12 midnight.

Programme.

GAMES:

ENTRANCE. 1ST PRIZE. 2D PRIZE.

Standing Long Jump..... 25cts. \$5 00 \$1 50

Rumping do 25 6 00 1 50

do High do 25 5 00 1 50

Hop Step and Jump..... 25 2 50

Putting Heavy Stone..... 25 2 50

do Light do 25 2 50

Tossing Heavy Caber..... 25 2 50

do Light do 25 2 50

Throwing Heavy Hammer..... 50 5 00

do Light do 50 5 00

Foot Race 300yds..... 60 10 00 2 50

do do 150 " 25 6 00 1 50

do do 200 For Boys 50 6 00 1 50

under 15 years..... 25 5 00 1 50

Foot Race 100yds For Girls 30 3 00 1 50

Blind Race 100yds 25 5 00 1 50

Hurdle Race in Sacks 75yds 50 5 00 2 50

Ladipace Race, weight 200lbs 50 5 00

Run to Contest in each Game, or no money will be paid.

Winters of Heavy Stone Caber and Hammer, not allowed to contest in the light.

JUDGES OF GAMES.

JOHN WILKIE, Esq.

DR. TOLMIE,

THOMAS KUSSETT, Esq.

GRAND LOTTERY PRIZE, for Ladies only, (FREE) A Gold ring, which will be drawn at 4 o'clock, p.m.

Refreshment and Liquor Stand will be on the grounds

ADMISSION, 50 Cents; Children under 10 years, half price.

ENTERTAINMENT, 10 cents.

GRAND LOTTERY PRIZE, for Ladies only, (FREE) A Gold ring, which will be drawn at 4 o'clock, p.m.

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ENTERTAINMENT

THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Wednesday Morning, June 8, 1870:

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

June 7.—*Stm'r Olympia*, Finch, Port Townsend
CLEARED

June 7.—*Stm'r Olympia*, Finch, Port Townsend
Schr Eliza, Middleton sandich.

COAL EXPORTS

From Nanaimo, for the month ending May 30, 1870.		
DATE.	VESSEL.	MASTER.
May 1	<i>Stm'r Fly</i> , McIntosh.	T. C. DESTINATION
May 1	<i>Stm'r Fly</i> , McIntosh.	59 00. Victoria
May 1	<i>Stm'r Fly</i> , McIntosh.	do 3 10. Own Use
May 1	<i>Stm'r Newbern</i> , Freeman.	22 00. Victoria
May 1	<i>Stm'r Beaver</i> , Pender.	45 00. Victoria
May 1	<i>Stm'r Shooting Star</i> , Atkinson.	1003 00. San Fran'co
May 1	<i>Stm'r Fly</i> , McIntosh.	99 00. Victoria
May 1	<i>Stm'r Fly</i> , Harris, McIntosh.	65 10. do
May 1	<i>Stm'r Black Diamond</i> , Radlin.	104 10. do
May 1	<i>Stm'r California</i> , Rogers.	191 00. Own Use
May 1	<i>Stm'r Constantine</i> , small.	170 00. do
May 1	<i>Stm'r Eliza</i> , Eliza.	100 00. do
May 1	<i>Stm'r Otter</i> , Lewis.	31 10. do
May 1	<i>Stm'r Hazel Devereux</i> .	20 05. do
May 1	<i>Stm'r Fly</i> , J. G. Atkinson.	81 03. Victoria
May 1	<i>Stm'r Fly</i> , McIntosh.	3 05. Own Use
May 1	<i>Stm'r Harry</i> , McIntosh.	62 10. Victoria
May 1	<i>Stm'r Emma</i> , Atkinson.	102 00. Victoria
May 1	<i>Stm'r Emma</i> , Atkinson.	3 15. Own Use
Total.		2367 00

GOODS ON THE WAY.

Per schr DREADNOUGHT, from San Francisco—1 kgs iron bolts, 1 kg leather, 15 kgs mkt liquor, 18 plcs meal, 14 kg coal oil, 4 kg olive oil, 42 kg cheese, 1 kg smoked fish, 23 kgs soap, 258 lbs soap, 180 lbs salt, 30 kg sugar, 10 lbs syrup, 50 lbs oblong sugar, 25 lbs sugar, 50 lbs soap, 6 doz buckets, 4 nbs a tub, 5 doz boxes, 15 kg yeast powder, 3 pkgs azotin, 115 lbs flour, 10 carboys acids, 1 kg alcohol 40cs b/wt & shoes 140 lbs kgs rice, 1 kg bottles, 59 lbs brooms, 14 lbs blacking, 91 lbs cord, go, 1 kg chocolate, 216 lbs sugar, 100 lbs flour, 84 lbs coffee, 4 pkgs dras, 1 crate cartons, 100 lbs flour, 23 pkgs furniture, 1 cs fangs goods, 445 pkgs groceries, 6 lbs hops, 111 pkgs hardware, 1 pkgs stockings, 21 lbs iron plates, 2 boiler heads, 50 boiler tubes.		
Total. \$17,152 95		

DIED.

At James Bay, on the 7th inst., Annie Gertrude, infant daughter of Richard and Kate Wolfenden, aged 11 months and 17 days.

Auction Sales To-Day.

LUMLEY FRANKLIN..... Yates street, Will sell on Douglas st, at 11 o'clock, Superior Household Furniture, &c.

THE McFARLAND TRIAL.—The trial of McFarland, for shooting Richardson, lasted twenty-five days, during which the Court-room was crowded with both sexes. As an instance of the length to which the counsel for the defense went and, at the same time, of the kind of morality which prevails in certain circles, the counsel, in addressing the jury alluded to the "special Providence which seems to direct the bullet of an injured husband, a fact which proves the justice of the act." Rather a strange kind of proof, and a dangerous conclusion, we think. It might be made to prove too much; for the bullet of the cowardly assassin—what guides it to the breast of the innocent and unsuspecting victim? On the twenty-fifth day the Recorder addressed the jury. He said the accused was not to be convicted nor acquitted upon the speeches of the counsel, or convicted upon prejudice toward the dead or living, or because public policy may demand an example. They must conscientiously reject every fact or circumstance in the evidence which in their estimation could illustrate the question of sanity or insanity, or of malice, or which did not bear upon the time, place, mode and act of killing. The state of domestic relations it was not necessary for them to adjudicate upon. The question was—what did the prisoner believe, and how did that belief impress his mind, sanctify or insinuate? The jury retired at 3 o'clock, and at 10 minutes to 5 returned. A silence of death prevailed as they took their seats and McFarland turned pale as a sheet. The foreman finally rose to answer the usual question, and McFarland stood up to face the jury. He trembled violently and clutched the railing beside him as if for support. "Is the prisoner at the bar guilty or not guilty?" came the question at last. "Not guilty," was the answer. The scene that ensued beggar'd all description—the whole audience cheered as though determined to shake the house to its foundations. Even the Court officers joined in the cheering. Men and women sprang over seats and struggled for the privilege of shaking McFarland by the hands. Ladies divided their attention between the liberated man and his counsel, whom they lavished with thanks. McFarland was also very much affected. He soon after left the Court-room and the crowd dispersed.

THE OLYMPIA.—This fine new steamer will be removed from the Sound to San Francisco as soon as the *Eliza Anderson* has been made ready to resume her trips to this place. *The Anderson* is at present lying at Olympia to receive the Suwanee's boilers. The cause of the removal of the *Olympia* is that she is too costly and expensive a boat for the limited trade of the Sound. The particular trade in which the *Olympia* will be placed has not transpired, but we can positively state that she will not ply between Victoria and San Francisco as an opposition boat, the business understanding of her owners with the N.P.T. Company precluding the conclusion of any such desirable arrangement.

ALEXANDRE'S GLOVES IN NEW AND BEAUTIFUL COLORS.—The French Perfect Corset from the most celebrated maker in Paris. These consist, from the scientific principle on which they are cut, give universal satisfaction. Lace Shawls and Hall-Shawls and the new Lace Mantle. Some entirely new, makes of Dress Materials. Millinery, a really beautiful assortment. Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Muslins, Trimmings, &c. &c. Riding Habits and Jackets, made by a celebrated London Tailor, and a great variety of other goods, rendering ours as complete a stock of Drapery, &c., as would be seen in Regent Street or Broadway. — LONDON HOUSE.

JOUVIN'S KID GLOVES.—These celebrated Gloves, perfect in their shape and magical in their fit, the favorite Gloves of London, Paris and New York, the Glove par excellence of the world, can be obtained at VICTORIA HOUSE, GOVERNMENT STREET, in all colors and sizes, both for ladies and gentlemen, the proprietors having just imported by Express a large assortment comprising all the newest fads. — W. DENNY, Manufacturer.

HOW TO KEEP COOL.—Receipt:—A straw hat, linen suit and Piper's Ice Cream. Cucumbers are called cool; but cucumbers can't keep cool with the mercury at 85.

DEPARTURE.—The *Emma* for the East Coast, the *Enterprise* for New Westminster, and the *Olympia* for Puget Sound, sailed yesterday.

The Fire Department will hold a picnic sometime in July.

THE CHICORA AFFAIR.—Before Mr Pemberton and a jury—*Lyons vs. Naylor*.—This was an action brought by the plaintiff to recover the sum of \$285 alleged to be due from the defendant to him. The first item of the plaintiff's claim was for five advance notes for \$35 each, and for one other advance note for \$40—in all \$215. The second was—to procure eight seamen for the ship *Alaska* at \$40 each—\$160; and lastly, for the balance of an account due on the ship Vigil of \$10—total \$385. Of this sum the plaintiff gave credit for \$100, for money received, leaving a balance due of \$285, the amount claimed. The case occupied nearly the whole day, and a great deal of argument was adduced by plaintiff and defendant both as to the law and also to fact. Much contradictory evidence was brought to bear, the same being ably commented upon by the respective advocates. His Honor summed up by remarking to the jury that their verdict must depend solely upon the credence given by them to the evidence, and on whichever side they considered the truth to be, they must find accordingly. The jury retired and after a short absence rendered a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of \$215 and costs. His Honor thanked the jury for the manner in which they had performed their duty and discharged them, entering up judgment in accordance with their finding. Mr Bishop for plaintiff; Mr Alex E B Davie (Pearkes & Davie) for defendant.

THE GOVERNOR OF MANITOBA.—Mr Archibald is a native of Nova Scotia, about 50 years of age and has a wife and family. In person he is tall, commanding, gentlemanly and particularly good-looking. In speech he is elegant and pointed, rather than eloquent and oratorical. In politics he is a Liberal, in profession a lawyer, in religion a Presbyterian—an Elder in the Kirk. Chiefly remarkable for the purity of his morals and the consistency of his political career, he warmly espoused the Confederation cause from the first, joined Dr Tupper's Government and was a delegate to Quebec and London. When offered a seat in the Dominion Cabinet last year he declined to accept until he sought the endorsement of his constituents, although not required to do so. Colchester re-elected it's favorite against a bitter and most unscrupulous opposition, by an overwhelming majority. So pure is his character and so consistent his political record that the worst his most bitter anti-Confederate opponents have ever ventured to say of Mr Archibald is, "He is associated with a bad lot." Such is, in a few words, the first Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba.

HANDSOME.—Mr J G Shepherd, for many years manager of the Bank of British North America branch at this city, and latterly manager of the San Francisco branch, has retired from the Bank. Before retiring Mr Shepherd was presented by the Directors with the handsome sum of £2000, in recognition of his services. It is not often that corporations (which are said to have no souls) reward faithful service on the part of employees.

PROGRESS.—Russia is becoming more and more every day one of the greatest newspaper reading countries in Europe. There is no subject now on which a Russian journalist, with the exercise of little discretion, may not touch, and the writers of Alexander's reign are certainly doing their best to make up for the silence imposed upon the writers in the reign of Nicholas. The San Juan Island Lime Kiln, which has been closed since the melancholy end of Mr Hibbard a year ago, is again in full blast. Several thousand barrels are now ready for market and the first shipment will arrive here on Friday or Saturday. Mr N Bailey, resident partner of the firm, will act as agent at Victoria.

The vicinity of Lovett's saloon on Government street was rendered musical yesterday by the sweet notes poured forth by an English lark—the only representative of his species in the colony. The bird belongs to Mr Howard of Esquimalt and is, indeed, a rare acc.

The noted racing horse *Café-au-lait* will be raffled at the Union Hotel, Esquimalt, on Saturday evening next at 8 o'clock. *Café* is one of the swiftest horses on the Island and generally shows competitors a clean pair of heels.

CHANGE.—Mr J H Labram, Wells, Fargo & Co's agent at Victoria City, has resigned his position. Mr Labram was the first agent for Wells, Fargo & Co at Victoria, and has been succeeded by M C C Pendergast, second agent for the same firm at Victoria.

RUNAWAY.—A large bay horse, fully harnessed, dashed across James Bay bridge and through Government street at 9 o'clock last evening. He had evidently been implicated in a smash-up across the Bay, but no particulars could be learned.

Gas is being introduced into the residence of Mr Graham, Chief Factor of the Hudson Bay Company, on Bastion street. Government has decided to place a public lamp at the corner of Bastion street and the Police Barracks, and to introduce gas into the barracks and Gaol.

JAPANESE LILY.—Messrs Jay & Baker exhibit in their window a large Japanese Lily of beautiful hue and delightful perfume. This lily is of a variety new to this country, but is being extensively raised in England, where it is greatly esteemed.

REMEMBER THE FATE OF ANSOLEM.—Fred Payne, Tailor, Artist. Shaving 12½ cents, Hair Cutting 25 cents, Shampooing 25 cents. That Oriental Cheap Shaving Shop stands on the sunny side of Johnson street.

FOOT RACE.—Yesterday noon there was a foot race at Beacon Hill between a Marine artilleryman of the Zealots and a driver for the artilleryman of the Zephyrs and a driver for the artilleryman of the Zealots and a driver for the artilleryman of the Zephyrs. The distance was 100 yards. Mr Williams, the driver for the Zephyrs, started and the driver passed the winning post last and the driver ahead with one foot behind, as the Marine applied one of his pedal extremities to the rear of the winner and sent him to ground.

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COAL EXPORTS

From Nanaimo, for the month ending May 30, 1870.

DATE.

VESSEL.

MASTER.

T. C. DESTINATION

ENTERED.

June 7.—*Stm'r Olympia*, Finch, Port Townsend
CLEARED

June 7.—*Stm'r Olympia*, Finch, Port Townsend
Schr Eliza, Middleton sandich.

THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Wednesday Morning, June 8, 1870:

Shipping Intelligence.

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Insurance.

WIDOW AND ORPHAN FUND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Nashville, Tennessee.
Incorporated 1868.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE
I. O. O. F. of the United States and Canada;
Insures Lives upon all the most approved
Principles. All of its policies are absolutely non-forfeitable.
E. DARNFORTH, President.
T. L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Pacific Branch Advisory Board.
J. B. HAMON, Esq., of San Francisco
NATHAN TURNER, Esq., of San Francisco
CHARLES TURNER, Esq., of San Francisco
M. HENDERSON, Esq., of San Francisco
J. A. MCMILLAN, Esq., of San Francisco
JAS. ADAMS, Esq., of San Francisco
G. T. PHILIPS, Esq., San Francisco
J. GREENBAUM, Esq., of San Francisco
H. B. BROOKS, Esq., of San Francisco

CHAS. FOX and Z. P. CLARK, Managers of the Pacific
Branch—The Stevens Building, corner Montgomery
and California streets, where Policies are issued and
Losses paid without reference to the Parent Office.
GEORGE BELLMAN, M.D., R.N., Medical Examiner.
Agent at Victoria, JOSHUA DAVIES,
with J. P. DAVIES & CO.

Marine Insurance.

THE UNION INSURANCE COMPANY
of San Francisco.

INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY, CAPITAL
Stock, \$750,000.

For Insuring Merchandise, Frusaco, Commissions, Profits
etc. For information, rates of Premium, etc.
Apply 13m LOWE BROTHERS
Agents, Wharf street

Phoenix Fire Assurance COMPANY.
LOMBARD STREET and CHARING CROSS
LONDON.
Established 1782.

For insuring every kind of Property
in all parts of the World from
Loss or Damage by Fire.
THE PROPERTY AND LIBERALITY WITH WHICH
longs amounts are always met by this Company are
well known, and the importance of its relations with the
public may be estimated from the fact that since its es-
tablishment, it has paid more than Nine Millions Sterling
in discharge of claims for Losses by Fire.

The security offered to the public by the Phoenix Office
is founded on the fact that the capital and
the whole fortune of the Company the whole fortunes of numerous
proprietors, composed of some of the most opulent
merchants and others in the United Kingdom. An
and short time insurances are reflected upon all kinds
of property in Vancouver Island and British Columbia
on the most favorable terms.

Prompt cash payment and full power to settle all losses
and claims without referring to the Head Office in Lon-
don. Rates and Particulars of Insurance may be had on ap-
plication to,

THOS. C. NUTTALL,
Agent,
Government street
Opposite Masonic Hall.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED
OILMAN'S STORES,

All of Superior Quality

PICKLES, SAUCES, SYRUPS,
JAMS IN TINS AND JARS,
ORANGE MARMALADE,
TART FRUITS, DESSERT FRUITS,
MUSTARD, VINEGAR,
POTTED MEATS AND FISH,
PRESERVED FRESH SALMON,
KIPPERED SALMON AND HERRINGS,
PICKLED SALMON,
FRESH AND LOCHNEY HERRINGS,
FRIED SOLES,
FRESH AND FONDON HADDOCKS,
PURE SALAD OIL,
SOUPS IN QUART AND PINT TINS,
PRESERVED MEATS IN TINS,
PRESERVED HAMS AND CHEESE,
PRESERVED BACON,
OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES,
BOLONA SAUSAGES,
TORKSHIRE GAME PATES,
YORKSHIRE PORK PATES,
GALANTINES,
TONGUES, BRAINS, POULTRY,
PLUM PUDDINGS,
LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

resupplies of the above may always be had from
every storekeeper through the

CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of filling the bottles or jars with
water to produce weight, they would invariably be
detected when empty.

Goods should always be examined upon delivery, to de-
tect any attempt at substitution of articles
of inferior brands.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN, THE EMPEROR OF THE FRENCH,
AND THE KING OF THE BELGIANS.

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON

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